Table 1 Varieties of spice crops released through All India coordinated Research Project on Spices

Black pepper

SI	Variety	Centre which	Year of	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Dry	Piperine	Oleoresin	Essential oil %	Salient features
No.		developed	release		(kg/ha)	recovery	%	%		
						%				
1	Panniyur 1	Pepper Research	1967	F ₁ of Uthirankotta x	1242	35.3	5.3	3.5	3.5	Highest yield potential. Do not tolerate shade,
		Station, KAU,		Cheriyakaniyakadan						moderately high oleoresin (11.8%) long spikes &
		Panniyur, Kerala								bold berries
2	Panniyur 2	Pepper Research	1991	Open pollinated progeny of	2570	35.7	6.6	10.9	3.4	Shade tolerant, rich in oleoresin high pipline
		Station, KAU,		Balankotta						
		Panniyur, Kerala								
3	Panniyur 3	Pepper Research	1991	F ₁ of Uthirankotta x	1953	27.8	5.2	12.7	3.1	Late maturing, suitable for all pepper growing region,
		Station, KAU,		Cheriyankaniyakadan						performs well under open situation. Long spikes &
		Panniyur, Kerala								bold berries
4	Panniyur 4	Pepper Research	1991	Clonal selection from	1277	34.7	4.4	9.2	2.1	Stable yielder, performs well under adverse condition
		Station, KAU,		Kuthiravally						also
		Panniyur, Kerala								
5	Panniyur 5	Pepper Research	1996	Open pollinated progeny of	1107	35.7	5.3	12.33	3.8	Suitable for both monocropping & mixed crop in
		Station, KAU,		Perumkodi						coconut/arecanut gardens. Long spikes
		Panniyur, Kerala								
6	Panniyur 6	Pepper Research	2000	Clonal selection from	2127	33	4.9	8.27	1.33	Steady and stable yielder tolerant to drought and
		Station, KAU,		Karimunda						adverse climatic conditions. Suitable for open
		Panniyur, Kerala								condition as well as partial shade
7	Panniyur 7	Pepper Research	2000	Open pollinated progeny of	1410	34	5.6	10.6	1.5	Vigorous, hardy and a regular bearer, long spike,
		Station, KAU,		Kalluvally						high piperine (5.6%) tolerates adverse climatic
		Panniyur, Kerala	2012	Liverid of Donniuur C y Donniuur F			_			condition suitable open and shaded conditions.
8	Panniyur 8	Pepper Research	2015	Hybrid of Parifiyur o'x Parifiyur 5	5760	37	5	12	3.8	Suited to all pepper growing regions of Kerala. Field
		Station, KAU,								tolerant to drought situations and <i>Phytophthora</i> foot
		Panniyur, Kerala			0077			10.0		rot.
9	Sreekara	Indian Institute of	1990	Clonal selection from	2677	35	5.1	13.0	7.0	High quality and high volatile oil content with wider
		Spices Research,		Karimunda						adaptability to all pepper growing tracts.
		Calicut, Kerala								

10	Subhakara	Indian Institute of	1990	Clonal selection from	2352	35	3.4	12.4	6.0	High quality and high volatile oil content with wider
		Spices Research,		Karimunda						adaptability to all pepper growing tracts.
		Calicut, Kerala								
11	Panchami	Indian Institute of	1991	Clonal selection from	2828	34	4.7	12.5	3.4	Late maturing variety with excellent fruit set.
		Spices Research,		Aimpiriyan						
		Calicut, Kerala								
12	Pournami	Indian Institute of	1991	Clonal selection from	2333	31	4.1	13.8	3.4	High yielding variety, tolerant to root knot nematode.
		Spices Research,		Ottaplackal						
		Calicut, Kerala								
13	IISR Sakthi	Indian Institute of	2006	Open pollinated progeny of	2253	43	3.3	10.2	3.7	Tolerant to Phytophthora capsici
		Spices Research,		Perambramundi.						
		Calicut, Kerala								
14	IISR Thevam	Indian Institute of	2006	Clonal selection of	2481	32.5	1.6	8.15	3.1	Vines grow vigorously, stable yielding field tolerant to
		Spices Research,		Thevamundi,						Phytophthora
		Calicut, Kerala								
15	IISR	Indian Institute of	2004	Hybrid between Narayakodi x	2880	32	2.2	9.65	3.4	Recommended for rainfed conditions, suitable for
	Girimunda	Spices Research,		Neelamundi						high elevation
		Calicut, Kerala								
16	IISR Malabar	Indian Institute of	2006	Hybrid between Cholamundi x	1440	32.3	11.7	2.4	2.8	Suitable for high elevation and plains
	Excel	Spices Research,		Panniyur-1						
		Calicut, Kerala								
17	PLD –2	Indian Institute of	1971	Clonal selection from	2475	-	3	15.45	4.8	Late maturity high quality cultivar, recommended for
		Spices Research,		Kottanadan						Trivandrum and Quilon districts of Kerala.
		Calicut, Kerala								
18	Arka Coorg	Central Horticultural	2012	Seedling Selection	-	-	-	-	-	To develop bold seeded, long spiked, high yielding
	Excel	Experiment Station,								pepper variety
		Chettalli, IIHR								
19	Vijaya	KAU, Trchur, Kerala	2012							

Cardamom

SI	Variety	Centre	which	Year c	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Dry	Oil	1,8 Cineol	α - terpenyl	Salient features
No.		developed		release		(kg/ha)	recovery	%	%	acetate %	

						%				
1	Mudigere 1	Regional Research Station, UAS, Mudigere. Karnataka	1984	Clonal selection from Malabar type	300	20	8	36	42	Erect and compact panicle, suitable for high density planting, moderately tolerant to thrips, hairy caterpillar and white grubs, pubescent leaf. Short panicle, pale green, oval bold capsule
2	Mudigere 2	Regional Research Station, UAS, Mudigere. Karnataka	1994/1996	Clonal selection from open pollination of Malabar type	475		8	45	38	Early maturing variety, suitable for high density planting ,round/oval bold capsules.
3	PV 1	Cardamom Research Station, KAU, Pampadumpara, Idukki, Kerala	1991	A selection from Walayar collection ,Malabar type	260	19.9	6.8	33	46	An early maturing type,short panicle,elongated slightly ribbed light green capsules,Long, bold capsule
4	PV 2	Cardamom Research Station, KAU, Pampadumpara, Idukki, Kerala	2001	Selection from OP Seedlings of PV-1,a Malabar type	982	23.8	10.45	-	-	Early maturing, lengthy panicle, Long bold capsules, high dry recovery percentage, field tolerant to stem borer and thrips, suitable fro elevation range of 1000- 1200 m above MSL.
5	ICRI 1	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	1992	SelectionfromChakkupalamcollection,Malabar type	325	22.9	8.7	29	38	An early maturing type globose ,round and extra bold dark green capsules ; medium sized panicle with profusely flowering , early maturing type,
6	ICRI 2	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	1992	Clonal selection from germplasm, Mysore type	375	22.5	6.67	29	36	Performs well under high altitude and irrigated condition, medium long panicles, oblong bold and parrot green capsules,tolerant to azhukal disease
7	ICRI 3	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	1994	Selection from Malabar type	440	22	6.6	54	24	Early maturing long pubescent leaves, tolerant to rhizome rot disease, oblong,bold parrot green capsules. suitable for hill zone of Karnataka
8	ICRI 4 TDK 4	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	1997	Clonal selection from lower pulleys, a Malabar type	455	22.76	6.4	-	-	Early maturity, medium sized panicles, Globose bold capsules. Suitable for low rainfall areas, relatively tolerant to rhizome rot and capsule borer
9	ICRI 5	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	2006	Hybrid between MCC 260 x MCC 49	1,543	23.15	7.13	-	-	First hybrid variety, Early maturity Moderately tolerant to drought, High yield under intensive management, Capsule size 68% ; more than 70 mm,
10	ICRI 6 (MCC – 73)	ICRI (Spices Board), Myladumpara, Kerala	2006	Selection from the germplasm(acc. MCC-73)	1,200	19.0	7.33	-		High yield, Medium maturity, Relatively tolerant to drought, High percentage of bold capsules Capsule size 71% ; more than 7mm
11	ICRI 7	ICRI (Spices Board),	2010	Hybrid	-	22	8.84	-	-	Suitable for Wayanad, Kerala, Semi-erect panicles

	1				1		1		
		Myladumpara, Kerala							Angular bold capsules, Oleoresin 7.99%
12	IISR Kodagu	Indian Institute of 1997	Selection from OP progeny	745	22	8.7	42	37	Early maturing, suitable for high density planting,long
	Suvasini (CCS-1)	Spices Research,	of CL-37 from RRS						panicle.tolerant to rhizome,
		Calicut, Kerala	Mudigere, Malabar type						rot,thrips,shoot/panicle/capsule borer.
13	IISR Avinash	Indian Institute of 2001	A selection from OP	847	20.8	6.7	30.4	35.5	Dark green capsules. Tolerant to rhizome rot, and
	(RR-1)	Spices Research,	progeny of CCS-1, a						shoot/panicle/capsule borer.
		Calicut, Kerala	malabar type						
14	IISR Vijetha	Indian Institute of 2001	Clonal selection from field	643	22	7.9	45	23.4	Resistant to katte virus, bold capsules. Field tolerant
	(NKE-12)	Spices Research,	resistant plants for Katte,a						to thrips and borer.
		Calicut, Kerala	Malabar type						

Ginger

SI	Variety	Centre which	Year of	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Dry recovery	Oleoresin	Crude	Essential	Crop	Salient features
No.		developed	release		(kg/ha)	%	%	fibre%	oil %	Duration	
1	Suprabha	High Altitude Research	1988	Clonal selection from	16.6	20.5	8.9	4.4	1.9	229	Plumpy rhizome, less fibre,wide
		Station, OUA &T,		Kunduli local							adaptability, suitable for both early and late
		Pottangi, Orissa									sowing.
2	Suruchi	High Altitude Research	1990	Clonal selection from	11.6	23.5	10.9	3.8	2.0	218	Profuse tillering, bold rhizome, early maturing,
		Station, OUA &T,		Kunduli local							suitable for both rainfed and irrigated
		Pottangi, Orissa									condition.
3	Suravi	High Altitude Research	1991	Induced mutant of	17.5	23.6	10.2	4.0	2.1	225	Plumpy rhizome, dark skinned yellow
		Station, OUA &T,		Rudrapur local							fleshed, suitable for both irrigated and rainfed
		Pottangi, Orissa									conditions.
4	Himgiri	Department of	1996	Clonal selection from	13.5	20.2	4.29	1.6	6.05	230	Best for green ginger less susceptible to
		vegetable crops,		Himachal collection							rhizome rot disease, suitable for rainfed
		YSPUJ&F, Solan,									condition.
		Himachal Pradesh									
5	IISR Varada	Indian Institute of	1996	Selection from	22.66	19.5	6.7	3.29-	1.7	200	High yielder, high quality bold rhizome, low
		Spices Research,		germplasm				4.50			fibre content.Wide adaptability and tolerant to
		Calicut, Kerala									diseases.
6	IISR Mahima	Indian Institute of	2004	Selection from	23.2	23	4.5	3.26	1.72	200	High yielder, plumpy extra bold rhizomes,
		Spices Research,		germplasm							resistant to M. incognita and M. javanica
		Calicut, Kerala									pathotype 1
7	IISR Rejatha	Indian Institute of	2004	Selection from	22.4	20.8	6.3	4	2.36	200	High yielder, plumpy and bold rhizome
		Spices Research,		germplasm							

		Calicut, Kerala									
8	Aswathy	Department of Spices	-	Single plant	23	19.7	7.45	3.5	3.32	220-240	Ideal for cultivation both as pure and
	(IC NO. 0584128)	and Plantation crops,		selection from							intercrop. High yielding high quality clone
		Kerala Agriculture		somaclones of							suitable for green with high recovery of
		University, Trichur		cultivar Rio-de-							volatile oil and oleoresin. Filed tolerant to
				Janeiro							Phyllosticta leaf spot.
9	Athira	Department of Spices	-	Selection form	21	22.6	6.8	3.4	3.1	220-240	Ideal for cultivation both as pure intercrop.
	(IC No. 0584128)	and Plantation crops,		somaclones of							Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to
		Kerala Agriculture		cultivar Maran							soft rot and bacterial wilt diseases than
		University, Trichur									parent cultivar. High yielding high quality
											clone with high zingiberence
10	Karthika	Department of Spices	-	Selection form	19	21.6	7.2	3.7	3.2	220-240	Ideal for cultivation both as pure and
	(IC No. 0584129)	and Plantation crops,		somaclones of							intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger.
	(IC No. 0584129)	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture		somaclones of cultivar Maran							intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases
	(IC No. 0584129)	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture University, Trichur		somaclones of cultivar Maran							intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases than parent cultivar. Low infestation of shoot
	(IC No. 0584129)	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture University, Trichur		somaclones of cultivar Maran							intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases than parent cultivar. Low infestation of shoot borer under field conditions. High pungency
	(IC No. 0584129)	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture University, Trichur		somaclones of cultivar Maran							intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases than parent cultivar. Low infestation of shoot borer under field conditions. High pungency clone with high gingerol.
11	(IC No. 0584129) Subhada	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture University, Trichur High Altitude Research	2009	somaclones of cultivar Maran Mutagen in EMS (40	18000	22.4	10.4	3.4	2.0	210	intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases than parent cultivar. Low infestation of shoot borer under field conditions. High pungency clone with high gingerol. Suitable for hills and plains
11	(IC No. 0584129) Subhada	and Plantation crops, Kerala Agriculture University, Trichur High Altitude Research Station, OUA &T,	2009	somaclones of cultivar Maran Mutagen in EMS (40 PPM) treatment and	18000	22.4	10.4	3.4	2.0	210	intercrop. Suitable for fresh and dry ginger. Tolerant to soft and bacterial wilt diseases than parent cultivar. Low infestation of shoot borer under field conditions. High pungency clone with high gingerol. Suitable for hills and plains

* Yield tonnes/ha (fresh)

Turmeric

SI	Variety	Centre which	Year of	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Dry	Curcumin	Oleoresin	Essential	Crop	Salient features
No.		developed	release		(kg/ha)	recovery %	%	%	oil %	duration	
1	CO.1	Dept. of spices and	1982	Vegetative mutant by	30.5	19.5	3.2	6.7	3.7	270 days	Bold and orange yellow rhizomes, suitable for
		plantation crops,		x-ray irradiation of							drought prone areas, water logged, hilly areas
		TNAU, Coimbatore,		Erode local							saline and alkaline areas
		Tamil Nadu									
2	BSR.1	Dept. of spices and	1986	Clonal selection from	30.7	20.5	4.2	4	3.7	285	Bright yellow rhizome suitable for problem soils and
		plantation crops,		Erode local irradiated							drought prone areas of Tamil Nadu.
		TNAU, Coimbatore,		with x rays							
		Tamil Nadu									
3	BSR.2	Dept. of spices and	1994	Induced mutant from	32.7	-	-	-	-	245	A high yielding short duration variety with bigger

		plantation crops,		Erode local							rhizomes, resistant to scale insects
		TNAU, Coimbatore,									
		Tamil Nadu									
4	Krishna	Maharastra	1983	Clonal selection from	9.2	16.4	2.8	3.8	2	240	Plumpy rhizomes, moderately resistant to pests
				Tekurpeta collection							and diseases
5	Sugandham	Sardarkrushinagar	1984	Clonal selection from	15.0	23.3	3.1	11	2.7	210	Thick, round rhizomes with short internodes.
		Dantiwada Agricultural		germplasm							Moderately tolerant to pest and diseases
		University, Jagudan									
6	Roma	High Altitude	1988	Clonal selection from	20.7	31	6.1	13.2	4.2	250	Suitable for both rainfed and irrigated condition.
		Research Station,		T.Sunder							Ideal for hilly areas and late sown season.
		OUA &T, Pottangi,									
		Orissa									
7	Suroma	High Altitude	1989	Clonal selection from T.	20.0	26	6.1	13.1	4.4	253	Round and plumpy rhizome, field tolerance to leaf
		Research Station,		Sunder by x- ray							blotch, leaf spot and rhizome scales.
		OUA &T, Pottangi,		irradiation							
		Orissa									
8	Ranga	High Altitude	1992	Clonal selection from	29.0	24.8	6.3	13.5	4.4	250	Bold and spindle shaped mother rhizome, suitable
		Research Station,		Rajpuri local							for late sown condition and low lying areas.
		OUA &T, Pottangi,									Moderately resistant to leaf blotch and scales
		Orissa									
9	Rasmi	High Altitude	1992	Clonal selection from	32.0	23	6.4	13.4	4.4	240	Bold rhizomes, suitable for both rainfed and
		Research Station,		Rajpuri local							irrigated condition, early and late sown season
		OUA &T, Pottangi,									
		Orissa									
10	Rajendra	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut	1989	Selection from local	42.0	18	8.4	-	5	225	Bold and plumpy rhizome
	Sonia	College of agriculture		germplasm							
		RAU, Dholi, Bihar									
11	Megha	ICAR, R.CNEH	1996	Selection form	23.0	16.37	6.8	-	-	300-315	High curcumin content and bold rhizomes, suitable
	turmeric 1	Region, Shillong,		Lakadong type							for North east hill region and North west Bengal.
		Meghalaya									
12	Pant	G.B Pant University of	2001	Clonal selection from	29.0	18.5	7.5	-	1	-	Resistant to rhizome rot
	Peetabh	Agriculture and		local type							
		technology,									
		Pantmagar,									
		Uttaranchal									
13	Suranjana	Uttar Bangal Krishi	2000	Clonal selection from	29.0	21.2	5.7	10.9	4.1	235	Tolerant to rhizome rot and leaf blotch; resistant to

	(TCP-2)	Viswa Vidyala, North		local types of west							rhizome scales and moderately resistant to shoot
		Bangal, Pundibari		Bengal							borer suitable for open and shaded condition
14	Suvarna	Indian Institute of	1987	Selection from	17.4	20	4.3	13.5	7	200	Bright orange coloured rhizome with slender
		Spices Research,		germplasm,collected							fingers,field tolerant to pest and diseases.
		Calicut, Kerala		from Assam							
15	Suguna	Indian Institute of	1991	Selection from	29.3	20.4	4.9	13.5	6	190	Early maturing, field tolerant to rhizome rot.
		Spices Research,		germplasm, collected							
		Calicut, Kerala		from AP							
16	Sudarsana	Indian Institute of	1991	Selection from	28.8	20.6	5.3	15	7	190	Early maturing, field tolerant to rhizome rot.
		Spices Research,		germplasm, collected							
		Calicut, Kerala	1000	from Singhat, Manipur	07.0	10.5			0.5	0.05	
17	IISR Prabha	Indian Institute of	1996	Open pollinated	37.0	19.5	6.5	15	6.5	205	High yielding varitey
		Spices Research,		progeny selection							
10			1006	Open pollipated	20.1	10 5	6.2	16.0	6.2	225	High violding voritov
10	Prathibba	Spices Research	1990	progeny selection	39.1	10.5	0.2	10.2	0.2	225	
	Traditiona	Calicut Kerala		progerty selection							
19	IISR	Indian Institute of	2004	Clonal selection from	34.5	18.9	5.5	13.6	-	210	Resistant to leaf blotch
	Kedaram	Spices Research.	2001	germplasm	0 110	1010	0.0	10.0		2.0	
		Calicut, Kerala		5 • • • •							
20	IISR	Indian Institute of	2004	Selection from Alleppey	35.4	19	5.55	16	-	210	Tolerant to leaf blotch.
	Alleppey	Spices Research,		Finger turmeric							
	Supreme	Calicut, Kerala									
21	Kanthi	Dept. of plantation	1996	Clonal selection from	37.65	20.15	7.18	8.25	5.15	240-270	Erect leaf with broad lamina, big mother rhizomes
		crops and spices,		Mydukur variety of							with medium bold fingers and closer internodes
		KAU, Trichur		Andhra Pradesh							
22	Sobha	Dept. of plantation	1995	Clonal selection from	35.88	19.38	7.39	9.65	4.24	240-270	High Yielding Varitey with high curcumin content
		crops and spices,		local type							(7.39%), Erect leaves with narrow lamina. Mother
		KAU, Trichur									rhizome big with medium bold figures and closer
											internodes. Inner core of rhizomes is dark orange
	_										like Alleppey. More territory rhizomes.
23	Sona	Dept. of plantation	2002	Clonal selection from	21.29	18.88	7.12	10.25	4.4	240-270	Orange yellow rhizome,medium bold with low
		crops and spices,		local germplasm							territory tingers. Best suited for central zone of
		KAU, Irichur									Keraia.rnizome medium bold. Field tolerant to leaf
24	Varaa	Dent of plant-ti	2002	Clanal coloction from	24.90	10.05	7.07	10.0	4.50	240.070	Diolott.
24	varna	Dept. of plantation	2002	Cional selection from	21.89	19.05	1.87	10.8	4.50	240-270	bright orange yellow rhizome, medium bold with

		crops and spices,		local germplasm							closer internodes, territory fingers present. suited to
		KAU, Trichur									central zone of Kerala. Field tolerant to leaf blotch
25	Narendra	Department of	2007/	Selection from	-	-	-	-	-		High yield potential, good size and colour of
	Haldi – 1	Vegetable Science	2010	germplasm (NDH 18)							rizhomes, high amount of cur cumin and essential
		N.D. University of									oil
		Agriculture &									
		Technology,									
		Kumarganj, Faizabad.									
26	Duggirala	Dr. Y. S. R.	2013	Mass selection	25	23.5	4.1	-	-	240-270	High yielding variety, Rhizomes are long, plumpy,
	Red	Horticultural University									strong and very deep orange in colour.
		Turmeric Research									
		station,									
		Kammarpally									
27	Narendra	Department of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	High yield potential, good size finger
	Haldi – 2	Vegetable Science									
		N.D. University of									
		Agriculture &									
		Technology,									
		Kumarganj, Faizabad									
28	Narendra	Department of	2012	Selection from	-	-	-	-	-	-	Highyielding,, Root knot resistant, Moderate
	Haldi – 3	Vegetable Science		germplasm (NDH 9)							resistant against leaf spot and leaf blotch
		N.D. University of									
		Agriculture &									
		Technology,									
		Kumarganj, Faizabad									
29	Surangi	High Altitude	2009	Clonal selection	23400	28	4.5-6.5	12.7	4.6	180-200	Suitable for hills and plains
		Research Station,									
		OUA &T, Pottangi,									
1		Orissa									

* Yield tonnes/ha (fresh)

Cinnamon

SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Bark recovery	Bark oil %	Leaf oil	Salient features
No.					(kg/ha)	%		%	
1	YCD.1	Hort. Research station	1996	Clonal selection from op seedings progenies of	360	35.3	2.8	3	Good bark recovery adopted to wide
		(TNAU), Yercaud , Tamil		Sri Lankan type					range of soil and rainfed conditions.

		Nadu							Recommended for high ranges at
									500-1000m above MSL.
2	PPI (C) -1	HRS, (TNAU), Pechiparai,	2003	Selection from OP seedlings progeny introduced	980	34.22	2.9	3.3	Suitable for cultivation in high rainfall
		Tamil Nadu		from Sri Lanka					zones and hill regions of Tamil Nadu
									at an altitude of 100-500 m MSL.
3	Konkan Tej	Regional coconut research	1993	Seedling selection from progenies of Sri Lankan	334	29.16	3.2	2.28	Superior qualities with 3.2% bark oil
		station, Dr, BSKKV, Vengurle,		accessions		51.78			with bark recovery
		Maharashtra							29.16%, cinnamaldehyde in bark oil
									70.23, eugenol in bark oil
									6.93%, eugenol in leaf oil 75.5%, yields
									4.10kg fresh bark.
4	Sugandhini	Aromatic and Medical Plants	2000	Single tree selection from Wayanadu local	640	51.0	0.94	1.6	Recommended for cultivation for leaf
	(ODC-130)	Research station, Odakkali,		collection.A Sri Lankan type					oil production, cinnamaldehyde in
		Kerala							bark oil 45%, eugenol in leaf oil
									93.7%;released mainly for leaf oil
									purpose.densly foliage.
5	RRL(B) C-6	Regional research	1996	Selection from germplasm collection-OP	250	-	-	-	High quality,sweet and pungent bark
		Laboratory, CSRi,		seedling progenies					with 83% cinnaldehyde in bark
		Bhubaneswar, Orrisa							oil,94.0% eugenol in leaf oil,leaf oil
									0.8% .Spreading,branching,nature
6	IISR	Indian Institute of Spices	1996	Clonal selection from OP seedling progeny	200	-	2.7	3	Good regeneration capacity ,bark and
	Nithyashree	Research, Calicut, Kerala							leaf oleoresin contents are high. Good
									bark recovery with good aroma and
									taste. Bark oleoresin-10.0%
7	IISR	Indian Institute of Spices	1996	Selection from Op seedling progeny of Sri	200	40.6	2.7	2.8	High quality line ,good bark recovery
	Navashree	Research, Calicut, Kerala		Lankan collection					with good aroma and taste, .High
									cinnamaldehyde (73%) in bark oil,
									medium quality High shoot
1									regeneration. Bark oleoresin 8%,
									cinnamaldehyde in leaf oil
1									15%,eugenol in bark oil 6%,eugenol in
									leaf oil 62%

Nutmeg

SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Myristicin %	Elimicin	Salient features
No.							%	

1	Konkan	Regional Fruit Research	1998	Single plant selection from local seedling	200- 526 fruits/	-	-	Adaptable in Konkan region. Tree canopy is
	Sugandha	Station (BSKKU), Vengurla,		population	tree			conical and compact. No incidence of major
		Maharashtra						pests / disease
2	Konkan Swad	Regional Coconut	2003	Selection from nutmeg seedling from Ratnagiri	761.38	-	-	Adapted in Konkan region with warm, humid
		Research station,		district	fruits/tree			condition as well as shade provision.canopy
		Ratnagairi						erect, conical shape.contain 39.85 essential oil
								in seed and 10.9 % in mace. No incidence of
								major pests / disease are noticed
3	IISR Viswasree	Indian Institute of Spices	2001	Clonal selection from elite germplasm	1000 fruits/tree	Nut 12.48		Low incidence of fruit rot. Nut recovery 70%,
		Research, Calicut, Kerala			(1.33Kg mace,	and mace		mace recovery 35%, 7.14% mace oil,
					9kg	20.03		oleoresin nut 2.48% and mace 13.85%
					dry,3122Kg/ha)			respectively, butter 30.9%, Especially suitable
								under mixed cropping system
4	IISR Keralashree	Indian Institute of Spices	2012	Seedling selection from elite mother tree from	2000 fruits/tree	9.4	0.7	High yield, high quality and extra bold fruit
		Research, Calicut, Kerala		Burliar Farmer's Participatory Breeding)				mace and nut.

Coriander

SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Avg yield	Essential oil	Duration	Salient features
No.					(kg/ha)	%	(days)	
1	Guj. Cor.2	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada	1974	Selection from germplasm	1100	0.35	112	Suitable for early sowing, erect plant,r ound
		Agricultural University, Jagudan						bold grains, moderately tolerant to wilt and
								powdery mildew
2	Co.1	Dept. of spices and PI.Crops, HC	1997	Selection from Koilpatti local	440	0.27	110	A dual purpose variety with small statured
		& RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil						plant, suitable for rainfed areas, small grain
		Nadu						
3	Co.2	Dept. of spices and PI.Crops, HC	1982	Reselection from culture P2 of Gujarat	520	0.40	90-100	A dual purpose variety, suitable for saline, and
		& RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil						alkaline and drought prone areas seeds
		Nadu						oblong,medium.
4	Co.3	Dept. of spices and PI.Crops, HC	1991	Reselection from Acc.695 of IARI, New	650	0.38-0.41	85-95	A dual purpose variety, good yielder, medium
		& RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil		Delhi type				sized grains, suitable for both rainfed and
		Nadu						irrigated condition, rabi as well as kharif
								season. Field tolerant to powdery mildew, wilt
								and grain mould.
5	Co(CR).4	Dept. of spices and PI.Crops, HC	2002	Reselection from germplasm ATP77	600	0.4	65-70	Early maturing variety suitable for both rainfed
		& RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil		guntur collection				and irrigated condition; grains oblong and
		Nadu						medium; field tolerant to wilt and grain mould

6	Guj.Cor.2	Dept. of spices and PI.Crops, HC		Reselection from Co.2	1450	0.40	110	Semi spreading type, suitable for early
		& RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil						sowing,moderately tolerant to powdery
		Nadu						mildew,grains oblong,lodging and shattering
								resistant.
7	Rajendra	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut College of	1988	Pureline selection from Muzaffarpur	1300	0.65	90-100	Medium sized plant with fine, aromatic round
	Swathi	agriculture RAU, Dholi, Bihar		collection				grains,Suitable for intercropping, field
								tolerance to aphids
8	Sadhana	Regional Agrl. Research Station,	1989	Mass selection from local Alur	1025	0.20	95-110	A dual purpose, semi-erect variety, suitable for
		APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P		collection				rainfed condition field tolerance to white fly,
								mites and aphids. A mid-late variety
								withstands moisture stress, responded well to
								input management under optimum moisture
								level.
9	Swathi	Regional Agrl. Research Station,	1989	Mass selection from Nandyal	855	0.30	82-85	Plants medium size semi-erect type, early
		APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P		germplasm				maturing variety, suitable for rainfed condition,
								and late sown season. Field tolerant to white
								fly, Suits well to the areas where the soil
								moisture retentiveness in compariably less,
								being early maturity. It escapes powdery
								mildew disease.
10	CS 287	Regional Agrl. Research Station,		Reselection from Guntur collection	600	0.40	110	Early maturing variety, suitable for both rainfed
		APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P						and irrigated condition. Field tolerant to wilt
								and grain mould.
11	Sindhu	Regional Agrl. Research Station,	1991	Mass selection germplasm,Warangal	1000	0.40	100-110	Oval medium breakable grains, suitable for
		APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P		local				rainfed areas, tolerant to wilt, powdery mildew
								as well as drought condition, medium duration.
12	Hisar Anand	Department of Vegetable Cops,	1994	Mass selection from Haryana collection	1400	0.35	-	A medium tall dual purpose variety,oval
		HAU, Hisar, Haryana						medium sized seeds, wider adaptability to
								different soil conditions.Resistant to lodging
								due to spreading habit.
13	Hisar	Department of Vegetable Cops,	2001	Mass selection from indigenous	1400			Suitable for irrigated conditions.Resistant to
	Sugandh	HAU, Hisar, Haryana		germplasm				stem gall diseases.
14	Hisar	Department of Vegetable Cops,	2004	Mass selection from local germplasm	1800	0.4-0.5	130-140	Bushy erect plant type, seed medium, oblong;
	Surabhi	HAU, Hisar, Haryana						tolerant to frost, less susceptabile to aphids,
								medium duration

15	Azad	C.S. Azad University of	1996	Mass selection from Kalyanpur	1000	0.29	120-125	Erect, early branching, number of umbellates
	Dhania-1	agriculture and technology,		germplasm collection				per umbel 5, tolerant to moisture stress,
		Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh						powdery mildew and aphids.
16	Pant	G.B Pant University of	1993	Selection from local type Pant Dhania	1200	0.4	150-160	Tall erect plant, a dual purpose type, good
	haritima	Agriculture and technology,						yielder of leaves, smaller seeds with high oil.
		Pantmagar, Uttaranchal						Resistant to stem gall.
17	DWA 3*	University of Agricultural	1999	Purelineselection from Karnataka	400	0.27	-	A dual purpose variety and for seed production
		Science, Dharward, Karnataka		collection				in rabi crop, moderately tolerant to powdery
								mildew, black clay soils are best suited
18	CIMPOS-33	Central Institute of Medicinal	-	Selection from germplasm introduced	2100	1.3	-	Tall erect, compact, profusely branching and
		Plants. Regional centre.		from Bulgaria				flowering, grains small and bold. Mainly
		Mehsana. Guiarat						recommended for oil production.
19	ACR-01-256	NRC seed spices. Aimer.	2005	Reselection from EC-467683 from	1100	0.35-5	-	Dual purpose variety, long duration, resistant
	(NRCSS ACR-	Raiasthan		Russia				to stem gall and wilt.
	1)							
20	RCr 20	SKN College of Agriculture,	1997	Recurrent half sib election from Jaipur	900	0.25	100-110	Medium sized bushy plant suitable for rainfed
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		local				crop or limited moisture condition and heavy
		-						soils of south Rajastan. Moderately resistant to
								stem gall, bold grains, early maturity.
21	RCr.41	SKN College of Agriculture,	1988	Recurrent half sib selection from local	909	0.25	130-140	A tall erect plant with thick stem. Grows well
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		type from "Kotta"				under irrigated conditions, resistant to stem
								gall, wilt and moderately resistant to powdery
								mildew. Small seeds (9.3g/1000 seed),long
								duration variety
22	RCr 435	SKN College of Agriculture,	2003	Recurrent selection from local	1000	0.33	110-130	Plants are bushy, erect, bold seeds, medium
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		germplasm from Jalore				sized, medium maturing variety, adapted for
								irrigated condition moderately resistant to root
								knot and powdery mildew.
23	RCr 436	SKN College of Agriculture,	2001	Recurrent half sib selection from local	1100	0.33	90-100	Plants semi dwarf, bushy type with quick early
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		germplasm from Kotta				growth and bold seeds. Resistant to root rot
								and root knot nematodes most suitable for
								limited moisture condition and heavy soils of
								south Rajasthan
24	RCr446	SKN College of Agriculture,	2001	Half sib selection from local type from	1200	0.33	130	Plants tall, are leafy erect with higher number
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		Jaipur local				of seeds per umbel. Seeds medium in size
								and moderately resistant to stem gall.

25	RCr 684	SKN College of Agriculture, RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	2000	Mutation breeding of gamma rays. Induced mutant of Rcr-20	990	0.32	110-120	Resistant to stem gall and less susceptible the powdery mildew. Adapted to medium heavy textured soil and sandy loam soil under irrigation. Bold seeds, Medium maturity.
20	RCF 480	RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	2009	plant progeny (half sib) performance in accession No.480	-	-	-	-
27	Hisar Sugandh (DH- 36)	Dept. of vegetable Crops, CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2001	Mass selection from germplasm collected from farmer's field of Haryana.	-	-	-	
28	Sudha (LCC-128)	Regional Agrl. Research Station, APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P	2006	Mass selection made from the land race collected from Ongole district	-	-	-	
29	DH – 246 (Hisar Surbhi)	Dept. of vegetable Crops, CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2004	Selection form local germplasm	-	-	-	-
30	LCC - 234	Dr.YSR. Horticultural University Horticultural Research Station, Lam Guntur	2013	Mass selection made from the land race collected from Prakasam district	15-18	0.15	35-55	High yielding leaf variety suitable for off season production in Andhra Pradesh
31	DH 220	Dept. of vegetable Crops, CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2012	-	1373	0.39		This variety has out yielded other varieties, Hisar Ananad (National check) and Loval checks under coordinated varietal trials of AICRPS.
32	DH 206	Dept. of vegetable Crops, CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2009	Selection from germplasm	-	-	-	-
33	RCr 728	SKN College of Agriculture, RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	2009	-	-	-	-	-
34	APHU Dhania -1	Regional Agrl. Research Station, APHU, Lam, Guntur, A P	2010	Mass selection from germplasm	10-12	0.4	80-100	Suitable for growing in Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Uthar Pradesh and Tamil Nadu.
35	Hisar Bhoomit (DH-228)	Dept. of vegetable Crops, CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2007 (state release)	Selection from germplasm	180-200	-	110	Small seeded with high oil content, suitable for leaf production

Cumin

SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Essential	Crude	Duration	Salient features
No.					(kg/ha)	oil %	fibre	(days)	
							%		
1	Mc.43	Spices Research Station, GAU,	1952	Selection from germplasm	580	2.7	15.5	-	Plant semi spreading, grains bold lustering
		Jagudan, Gujarat							withstand lodging and shattering, moderately
									tolerant resistant to Fusarium wilt, Alternaria blight
									& powdery mildew.
2	Guj. Cumin 1	Spices Research Station, GAU,	1983	Selection from local germplasm	550	3.6	14.25	-	Plants bushy and spreading, grains bold , linear
		Jagudan, Gujarat		(Vijaypur -5)					oblong; Withstand shattering and lodging,
									moderately tolerant to wilt, powdery mildew and
									blight.
3	RZ-19	SKN College of Agriculture,	1988	Recurrent selection from UC.19	500	-	-	-	Erect plant, bold, lustrous grain, tolerant to wilt and
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan							blight suitable for late sowing season.
4	Guj Cumin 2	Spices Research Station, GAU,	-	Pure line selection from M2 irradiated	620	4	22.1	-	Bushy plant, good branching habit, grains bold,
		Jagudan, Gujarat		seeds from MC-43					medium sized, lustrous grain, tolerant to wilt and
									blight suitable for late sowing season
5	Guj. Cumin 3	Spices Research Station, GAU,	-	Recurrent selection derived from	620	4.4	-	-	Bushy dwarf plant, fruit medium sized, frost wilt
		Jagudan, Gujarat		W.German entry EC-232689					resistant variety suitable for winter season in
									limited irrigation. Higher essential oil content,
									seed pungent with good aroma
6	RZ-19	Repeat	1988	Recurrent single plant progeny	560	-	-	140-150	Erect plant, pink flowers, bold, lustrous grain, gray
				selection from Ajmeer					pubescent, tolerant to wilt and blight suitable for
									late sowing season.
7	5-404	Spices Research Station, GAU,	1952	Selection from local germplasm	350	2.2	7.7		An erect plant, medium sized fruit, moderately
		Jagudan, Gujarat							tolerant to powdery mildew.
8	RZ-209	SKN College of Agriculture,	1995	Recurrent single plant progeny	650	-	-	120-130	A variety shown some resistance with blight and
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		selection from Jore					wilt disease
9	RZ-223	SKN College of Agriculture,	-	Mutation breeding in UC-216	600	3.0-3.5	-	120-130	Wider adaptability, resistant to wilt, superior in
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan							yield and seed quality over RZ-19.Plants bushy,
									semi-erect, long bold attractive seeds, medium
									duration.
10	Ac-01-167	NRC seed spices, Ajmer,	2005	Reselection from EC-243373	515	3			Bold seeds resistant to wilt.

Γ			Rajasthan							
	11	RZ-345	SKN College of Agriculture, RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	2009	recurrent selection based on individual plant progeny (half sib) performance in accession 345	-	-	-	-	-
	12	GC-4 (Gujarat Cumin – 4)	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada Agricultural University, Jagudan	2006	The Cumin variety JC-2000-72 is the selection from GC-3.	-	-	-	-	-
	13	RZ- 223	SKN College of Agriculture, RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	2004	The variety has been developed through mutation breeding in UC-216	-	-	-	-	-
	14	RZ-341 (UC – 341)	SKN College of Agriculture, RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan	-	The variety has been developed through poly cross between high volatile oil content and low volatile oil content	-	-	-	-	-

Fennel	annel											
SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Essential oil	Crude	Duration	Salient features			
No.					(kg/ha)	%	fibre %	(days)				
1	PF – 35	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada Agricultural University, Jagudan	1973	Selection from local germplasm	1280	-	-		Plant tall and spreading moderately tolerant to leaf spot, leaf blight and sugary diseases			
2	Co.1	Dept. of spices and plantation crops, HC & RI, TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu	-	Reselection from PF 35	570	-	-	220	Medium statured, diffuse branching, Suitable for intercropping and border cropping with chilli and turmeric. Suitable for drought prone, water logged, saline and alkaline conditions.			
3	Guj Fennel 1	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada Agricultural University, Jagudan	1984	Pure line selection from Vijaypur local	1695	2.2	-	158	Plant tall and bushy, shattering and lodging, suitable for early sowing and rabi crop, reasonably tolerant to drought, moderately tolerant to sugery disease, oblong, medium bold and dark green seeds.			
4	Guj fennel 2	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada Agricultural University, Jagudan	1997	Pedigree selection from local germplasm	1940	2.4	-	159	Plants bushy, bold grains, rich in volatile oil and suitable for both rain fed and irrigated condition			

5	RF 101	SKN College of Agriculture,	2001	Recurrent half sib selection from local	1400	1.9	-	150-160	Errect medium tall nature, medium maturity
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		germplasm collection from Jobner					type with long bold grains, most suitable for
									loamy and black cotton soil.
6	S-7-9	-	-	Slection	1100	1.2	24	210	A bushy plant with big umbel, moderately
									tolerant to blight.
7	Guj Fennel II	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada	2003	Selection based on individual plant	2489	1.98		148	A medium maturity type adopted to rabi
		Agricultural University,		progeny performance from local					season un der irrigation; seeds medium
		Jagudan		germplasm					bold.
8	RF 125	SKN College of Agriculture,	2003	Reccurent half sib selection is an exortic	1700	2.5-3.0	-	110-130	Plants are short statured with compact
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		collection EC 243380 from Italy		(2.78)			umbels and long bold seeds when green
									presence, denser view of plants. Tollerent to
									sugery disease.
9	Hisar Sawrup	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2004	Mass selection from indigenous	1600	1.6	-	175-185	Plants grow up right, spreading, gives a
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana		germplasm of Haryana					bushy appearance. A late maturity type
									grain long and bold, resistant to lodging, no
									shattering of grains.
10	Azad Sanuf-1	C.S. Azad University of agric.	1996	Selection from germplasm	1500	2	-	160-170	Medium plants, resistant to blight and root
		And technology, Kanpur,							rot desases. Escapes attack of aphids due
		Uttar Pradesh							to early maturity, seeds are bold green.
11	Pant	G.B Pant University of	2001	Pure line selection from local germplasm	-	-	180-	110	Tall robust eruct plant with big umbels
	Madhurika	Agriculture and technology,					185		having bold seeds with green fine ridgs
		Pantmagar, Uttaranchal							sweet in taste, medium maturity.
12	GF- 11	Spices Research Station,	2004	Recurrent selection based on individual	-	-	-	-	
	(Gujarat	GAU, Jagudan, Gujarat		plant progeny performance.					
	Fennel – 11)								
13	RF 143	SKN College of Agriculture,		Recurrent selection from individual plant	1200	1.87	-	-	Medium tall and reccomented for loamy and
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		progeny					black cotton soils
14	AF-01-119	NRC seed spices, Ajmer,	2005	Recurrent selection from individual plant	1950	-	-	-	Medium maturity seed, bold, tolerent to
	NRCSS-AF1	Rajasthan		progeny					blight
15	RF – 205	SKN College of Agriculture,	2009	Recurrent selection based on individual	-	-	-	-	-
	(UF – 205)	RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan		plant progeny (half –sib) from F2					
				generation of a cross between JF-25 x RF					
				– 125.					
16	HF -143	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2012	NA	1779	NA	NA	150	This variety has out yielded other varieties,
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana							GF-II (National check) and local checks
									undr coordinated varietal trials of AICRPS.

17	RF – 281	SKN College of Agriculture,	2012	-	-	-	-		
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan							
18	RF-178	SKN College of Agriculture,							
		RAJAU, Jobner, Rajasthan							
19	Rajendra	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut College	2000						
	saurbha	of agriculture RAU, Dholi,							
		Bihar							
20	HF-33	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2004						High yielding
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana							
	JF-444-1	Spices Research Station,	2010	Selection based on individual plant	2588	2.05		154	Compact seeds in umbellate, Hard and flat
		GAU, Jagudan, Gujarat		progeny performance form local					stem, synchronise maturity, Small umbellate
		(Recommended for National		germplasm					at center of umbel.
		release)							

Fenugreek

SI	Variety	Centre which developed	Year of release	Pedigree/Parentage	*Av. yield	Seed protein %	Duration	Salient features
No.					(kg/ha)		(days)	
1	Co.1	Dept. of spices and	1982	Reselection from TG-2356 introduced for	680	-	80-85	A quick growing, dual purpose , early maturing variety
		plantation crops, HC & RI,		North India				tolerant to root rot disease. Seeds contain 21.7%
		TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil						protein.
		Nadu						
2	Co 2	Dept. of spices and	1999	Selection from CF 390	480	-	85-90	Short duration dual purpose variety, field tolerant to
		plantation crops, HC & RI,						Rhizoctonia root rot disease, suitable for both kharif and
		TNAU, Coimbatore, Tamil						rabi season.Early maturity,short duration.
		Nadu						
3	Rajendra kanti	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut	1988	Pure line selection from Reghunathpur	1300	9.5	-	Medium sized bushy plant; early maturity, suitable for
		College of agriculture		collection				intercropping in both kharif and rabi season,, field
		RAU, Dholi, Bihar						tolerant to cercospora leaf spot, powdery mildew and
								aphids.
4	RMt.1	SKN College of	1990	Pure line selection from Nagpur local	1400	21	-	Vigorous semi erect medium sized, moderately
		Agriculture, RAJAU,						branched growth habit, medium sized, bold and
		Jobner, Rajasthan						attractive typically yellow coloured grains, moderately
								resistant to root knot nematode and powdery mildew
								and aphids

5	Lam sel.1	Dr.YSR. Horticultural	1992	Selection from germplasm collection of	740	53	-	Dual purpose varieties, early muturing, bushy type and
		University ,Horticultural		Uttar Pradesh				medium height940cm0, more number of branches and
		Research Station, Lam						green matter. When cultivated for green leaf purpose it
		Guntur						gives an average green yield of 12 tonnes per hectare.
								Field tolerant to major pests and diseases.
6	Hisar Sonali	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	1994	Pure line selection from germpalsm	1700	-	-	Tall and bushy vigorous growing variety, dual purpose
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana						variety, late maturity (140-145 days), suitable for
								cultivation under irrigated condition.Moderately resistant
								to root rot and aphids.
7	Hisar Suvarna	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2001	Pureline selection from local germplasm	1600	-	-	A quick growing, erect and tall, dual purpose, medium
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana						maturity (130-140days) , moderately resistant to
								percospora and powdery mildew.suitable for cultivation
								throughout the country.
8	Hisar Madhavi	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2001	Pureline selection from local germplasm	1900	-	-	A quick growing, erect and tall, dual purpose, medium
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana		of UP				maturity (130-140days), moderately resistant to
								powdery mildew and to downy mildew.A variety with
								under adaptability suitable for both irrigated and rainfed
								condition.
9	Hisar Muktha	Dept. of vegetable Crops,	2001	Pureline selection natural green seed	2000	-	-	A quick growing seedtype variety, medium maturity
		CCS, HAU, Hisar, Haryana		coated mutant line from UP				(135-140days), moderately resistant to powdery mildew
								and to downy mildew.Erect and tall plants.Wide
								adaptability.Suitable for both irrigated and rainfed
								condition.
10	RMt 303	SKN College of	-	Mutation breeding from variety RMt 1	1900	-	-	Medium maturity variety (145- 150 days) seeds bold
		Agriculture, RAJAU,						,with typical yellow colour ,less susceptible to powdery
		Jobner, Rajasthan						mildew
11	RMt 305	SKN College of	-	Mutation breeding from variety RMt 1	1300	-	-	First determinant type, multipodant, early maturing,
		Agriculture, RAJAU,						wider adaptability, resistant to powdery mildew and
		Jobner, Rajasthan						rootknot nematodes.Seeds bold, attractive and yellow,
								duration 120-125 days.
12	Guj Methi 1	Spices Research Station,	-	Recurrent selection based on pure line	1864	-		The first variety from Gujarat released for the
		GAU, Jagudan, Gujarat		selection from J. Fenu 102				state.Plant dwarf.
13	RMt143	SKN College of	-	Pureline selection of local collection of	1600	-	140-150	Moderately resistant to powdery mildew, seeds bold
		Agriculture, Jobner,		Jodhpur				yellow colour, suitable for heavier soils.
		Rajasthan						
14	Rajendra Abha		-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

	(Kasuri Methi)							
15	Pant Ragini	G.B Pant University of Agriculture and technology, Pantmagar, Uttaranchal	2001	Selection from local germplasm	1200		170-175	A dual purpose tall bushy type resistant to downy mildew and root rots, medium maturity. Seed contain 2- 2.5% essential oil
16	NRCS- AM -1 AM-01-35	NRC seed spices, Ajmer, Rajasthan	-	Selection from local germplasm	1720	-	-	Dual purpose, tolerant to powdery mildew
17	RMt-351 (UM-351)	SKN College of Agriculture, Jobner, Rajasthan	2006	The variety has been developed through irradiation of RMt-1 (a released variety of Rajasthan state) with gamma rays at 20 kr.	-	-	-	-
18	APHU Methi-1 (LFC-84)	Dr.YSR. Horticultural University ,Horticultural Research Station, Lam Guntur	2009 (Recommended for state release)	Selection from a land race collected from Guntur district.	-	-	-	-
19	RMt- 361 (UM- 361)	SKN College of Agriculture, Jobner, Rajasthan	2009	Developed through irradiation of RMt-1 with gamma rays.	-	-	-	-
20	HM – 348	Department of Vegetable Cops, HAU, Hisar, Haryana	2013	Pure line selection form germplasm collected form Haryana	-	-	-	This variety has out yielded other varieties, Hisar Sonali (National check) and local checks under Coordinated varietal trials of AICRPS ar Hisar, Pantnagar & Lam centes.
21	HM – 219	Department of Vegetable Cops, HAU, Hisar, Haryana (Recommended for national release)	2009	Selection form germplasm collected form Haryana	-	-	-	
Ajowain								
1	Gujarat Ajowan – 1	Sardarkrushinagar Dantiwada Agricultural University, Jagudan	-	Selection form germplasm	2269	-	-	Non-shattering, mildly susceptible to powdery mildew and resistant to insects, a late maturity (176 days) variety.
2	Pant Ruchika	G.B Pant University of Agriculture and technology, Pantmagar, Uttaranchal	2001	pure line selection for local collection	600/800	-	-	Erect, bushy plant, seed light brown, and attaractive; late maturing variety (170-175 days)
3	RFA – 68	A.R.S. Substation, Udaipur	-	Selection form local germplasm grown in	900	-	-	A medium maturity variety, flowers in about 90 days

		Agricultural University,		Pratapgarh area				takes about 150 days to mature.
		Chittorgarh. Rajasthan						
4	Ajmer Ajowan 1	NRC seed spices, Ajmer,	2004	Selection from Pratapgrah local NRCSS	1420	-	-	Plant tall, late maturity group (160 days), suitable for
		Rajasthan		AA-61				early and rabi sowing under irrigated and limited
								available water conditions, seeds medium size,
								contains 3.4 % volatile oil.
5	Ajmer Ajowan -	NRC seed spices, Ajmer,	2004	Selection from Gujarat local NRCSS AA-	1280	-	-	A bushy plant, early matruring group (147 days),
	2	Rajasthan		19				moderately tolerant to drough, seeds medium, 3.0 $\%$
								volatile oil, moderately
6	Lamsel - 1	PRS, ANGRAU, Guntur,	-	Mass selection	1000 /1400	-	-	A tall early maturity (140 days) variety.
		Andra Pradesh						
7	Lamsel – 2	PRS, ANGRAU, Guntur,	-	Mass selection	1000/1200	-	-	A spreading bushy trype with more braches, requieing
		Andra Pradesh						more spacting
8	Rajendra Mani	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut	-	NA	NA	-	-	NA
		College of agriculture						
		RAU, Dholi, Bihar						
Nigel	la							
1	Azad Kalaunji	C .S. Azad University of	1998	Selection from germplaskm from	1000/1200	-	-	Erect plant, bold seeds, highly aromatic.maturity 135 to
		Agriculture and		Kalyanpur				145 days
		technology, Kanpur, Uttar						
		Pradesh						
2	Rajendra	Dept. of Hort., Tirhut	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Shyama	College of agriculture						
		RAU, Dholi, Bihar						
3	Pant Krishna	G.B Pant University of	-	Selection from indigenous germplasm	500/600	-	-	Plant medium statured, susceptible to damping off,
		Agriculture and						medium maturity, bold seed, suitable for cultivation
		technology, Pantmagar,						Uttar Pradesh and Uttaranchal
		Uttaranchal						
4	Ajmer Nigella –	NRC seed spices, Ajmer,	-	Selection from Rampura local	720	-	-	Seeds are black, bold, volatile oil content in 0.7%, field
	1	Rajasthan						resistant to root rot (<i>Fusarium Oxysporum</i>). Suitable for
								growing under irrigation medium duration type (135 days)
Mango gigner								
1	Amba	High Altitude Research	-	Selection from local germplasm	21.9	-	-	Oleoresin 6.48 %, essential oil 0.8 %, dry recovery
		Station, OUA &T, Pottangi,						18.7%. No major disease and pest problem.
		Orissa						